(Section 1)

Q1: are known as formal procedures for producing results using some
O1: are known as formal procedures for procedures
notation.
(A.) Techniques
B. Tools
C. Methodologies
D. Polices
D. Polices Q2: In software engineering, a problem-solving activity that includes putting the p
Q2: In software engineering, a problem-sorving debut pieces together into a large structure is referred to
A. Analysis
B.) Synthesis
C. Evaluation
O3. In system model, the object model deals with
(A) the structure of the system
B the functions of the system
a at a sumposes of the SVSIEIII
D. how does the system react to external events Q4: In the below figure, the type of hierarchy relationship is
Q4: In the below lighte, the type of metal-early
Transportation Car Sur Train
Electric Car Diesel Car Minibus School Bus
A. Part-of Hierarchy
B. Is-Kind-of Hierarchy
C. Whole-of Hierarchy
D. As-Is-Hierarchy
Q5: Which of the following should not be included in the requirements elicitation phase?
A. Properties of the system
B. User tasks that the system needs to support
C Development methodology
D. The purpose of the system Q6: is known as a quality assurance step, usually performed after
requirements specification or analysis.
A. Requirements analysis
B Requirements validation
C. Requirements management
D. Requirements gathering

	-
is used to identify	_
Q7: State Chart Diagrams is used to identify	•
A an individual state object over	
- the start of the system	
. A I I A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	ains with the system.
D. dynamic behavior of a system to be modeled, into	Cacting with the
C. relationship between objects over D. dynamic behavior of a system Q8: is an entity outside the system to be modeled, into	
A. Class	
R Actor	
C. Object	rticipating objects in
C. Object D. Use case Q9: When using the Abbott's textual analysis technique to find paragraph of events, we	1.0-4
Q9: When using the Abbott of t	06
use-case in the sea condidates to be objects	70
D look for hours and dentity relevant objects	
B look for nouns that are candidates to be objects C. ask application domain experts to identify relevant objects D. use reusable design patterns to locate similar objects is used during system analysis to refine use case	descriptions and
C. ask application domain experts to identify D. use reusable design patterns to locate similar objects D. use reusable design patterns to locate similar objects is used during system analysis to refine use case is used during system analysis to refine use case is used during in finding additional objects.	OCS-C-1
O. use reusable design patterns is used during system analysis to refine use Q10:is used during system analysis to refine use Complement the class diagram as it helps in finding additional objects.	
A TISE CASC GING.	
B. Class diagram	
C. Activity diagram D. Sequence diagram OII: Based on figure, given below, UndergraduateStudent is called	
D. Sequence diagram below, Undergraduate State Based on figure, given below, give	
Q11: Date	
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- Cod - Ampaire for - Ampaire	
- Autotan	
- grade	
Undergraduate Student	
- reprédiction de la compression della compressi	
-as/ka/ve()	
t standars	
A. An association class	
B. A sub class	
C. A super class	class is/are
C. A super class D. An object 2: Based on figure, given in Q11, the operation(s) of the GraduateStudent	
Z: Bascu on inguity a	

13: What is not correct about the reuse by composition? aggregation

- A. New functionality is obtained by aggregation.
- B. Reuse of functionality already available.
- C. New functionality is obtained by inheritance.
 - D. It is also called Black Box Reuse.

214: Which of these patterns is considered as a Behavioral pattern?

- A. Adapter Pattern.
- B. Strategy Pattern.
- C. Façade Pattern.

D. Composite Pattern. Q15: allows different implementations of an interface to be decided upon dynamically.

- A. Composite Pattern.
- B. Façade Pattern.
- C Bridge Pattern.
 - D. Adapter Pattern.

Q16: Component 'requires interface' defines:

- A. The services that are provided by the component to other components.
- B. The methods that can be called by a user of the component.
- The services that must be made available for the component to execute as specified.

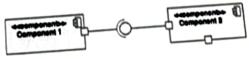
Q17: Interface incompatibility by operation incompleteness happens when:

- A. The provides interface of one component is a subset of the requires interface of another.
- B. The names of operations in the composed interfaces are different.
- C. The operations have the same name but are of different types.

D. The operations have the same name and identical types. Q18: A critical distinction between a service and a component as defined in CBSE is that:

- Services do not have a 'provides' interface.
- B. Services do not have a 'requires' interface.
- C. Services are language-dependent.

D Services are language-independent. Q19: What is the type of component composition shown in following figure?



- A. Sequential composition.
- B. Additive composition.
- C. Hierarchical composition.

Q20: The 'what' part of WSDL (Web Services Description Language) document, specifies:)

- A. The mapping of the abstract interface to a concrete set of protocols.
- B. What operations the service supports and the format of the messages that are sent and
- C. The technical details of how to communicate with a Web service.
- D. The location of a specific Web service implementation.



Q21: It is important to use a design system and save the user from its complex of A. Adapter B. Composite C. Facade D. Bridge	
Q22: Which of the following notation is used conditions?	t- the
conditions?	in UML state chart diagrams to show the
Λ.	
B. / C. []	
Q23: Which kind of node does the following im	age show in activity diagram?
→	Code Yo integrate ? of gran in 1 Com Ponents
I —→	Yo integrate (O J-
A. Merge node	
B. Decision node	
C Fork node D. Join node	
Q24: Which of the following statement about the	e given diagram is true?
A ⇒ B	

- A. If an instance of A is deleted, all contained instances of B are also deleted
- B. If an instance of B is deleted, all contained instances of A are also deleted
- C. A is part of B
- (D,) If an instance of A is deleted, the contained instances of B are not affected

Q2C: Write four benefits of Service-Oriented Approach (SOA).

- ..1. The service provider makes information about the service public so that any authorized user can use the service.
- 2. Applications can delay the binding of services until they are deployed or until execution.
 - 3. Service users can pay for services according to their use rather than their provision.
- ...4. Applications can be made smaller, which is particularly important for mobile devices with limited processing and memory capabilities...

Q2D: Given the following description:

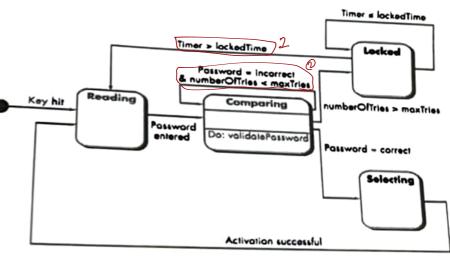
"ARENA is a game independent in the sense that organizers can adapt a new game to the ARENA game interface, upload it to the ARENA server, and immediately announce and conduct tournaments with players and spectators located anywhere on the Internet. Organizers can also define new tournament styles, describing how players are mapped to a set of matches and how to compute an overall ranking of players by adding up their victories and losses (hence, figuring out who won the tournament). To recoup their operational costs, organizers can also invite potential sponsors to display advertisement banners during games".

Identify the actors in ARENA system and list the system functionalities.

Actors:-1. Player 2. spectators 3. Organizer functions:

- 1. adapt a new game
- 2. announce and conduct tournaments
- 3. define a new style
- 4. describing-how mapp. player...
- 5. compute overall ranking
- 6. invite potential sponsors...

Q2E: Given the diagram in figure below:



- 1-What are the square/rectangle shapes used for in above diagram? name of State
- 2-What is the meaning of arrows? event
- 3- Identify two conditions: in diagram

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2F: You have be	een assigned to a	team that will	be devel	oping for an In	formation System
epartment. As p	art of the project	t startup, your	project n	nanager has as	ked you to draw a
lass diagram. Yo	u have been give	n the written de	scription	of the system a	as follows:
		$\bigcap_{\alpha} O$	_	$\bigcirc \mathbb{N}$	
"A passenger has	attributes like n	ame, data of bi	irth and	phone number	and has a request
booking method.	Admin has also no	ame, data of biri	h, and ph	one number als	so has two methods
add trip or delet	e trip. Front desk	manager has a	lso name,	data of birth p	hone number, and
					r, number of seats,
					s payment for each
					We have two kind
					has attributes like
					s notifaction has
phone. For each	booked trip, one	to five notifactio	ns can be	sent"	
Drow a class d	liggram, showing	the classes, the	eir attrib	ites, operations	, multiplicity, and
relationships.	ing. iiii, oii oii oii o			•	ع اجتبار التحليل ١٩٧٩ الترم الثاني
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Front desk manger

* report issue()

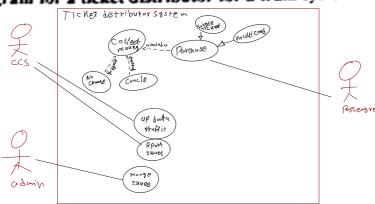
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Fequest booking()

*oddTriP() *deletTriP() 2G: You have been assigned to a team that will be developing for ticket distributor for a train system. As part of the project startup, your project manager has asked you to draw a Use case diagram. You have been given the written description of the system as follows:

"The system has three actors: a passenger, a central computer system and admin. The system has many functions: Purchase MultiCard, Purchase Single Ticket, Collect Money, No Change, Cancel, Update Traffic, Report Issue, and Manage Issues. When a passenger Purchase MultiCard or Purchase Single Ticket, he must Collect Money (change). For the Collect Money function, there are two optional functions No Change or Cancel. A central computer system can Update Traffic and Report Issue only. Admin can only Manage Issues"

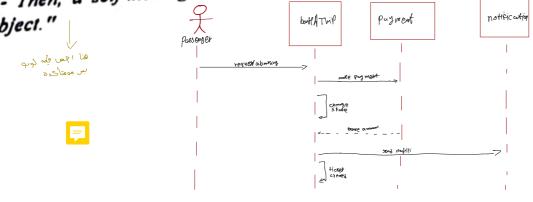
Draw a use case diagram for a ticket distributor for a train system.



Q2H: You have been assigned to a team that will be developing for ticket distributor for a train system. As part of the project startup, your project manager has asked you to draw a sequence diagram. You have been given the written description of the system as follows:

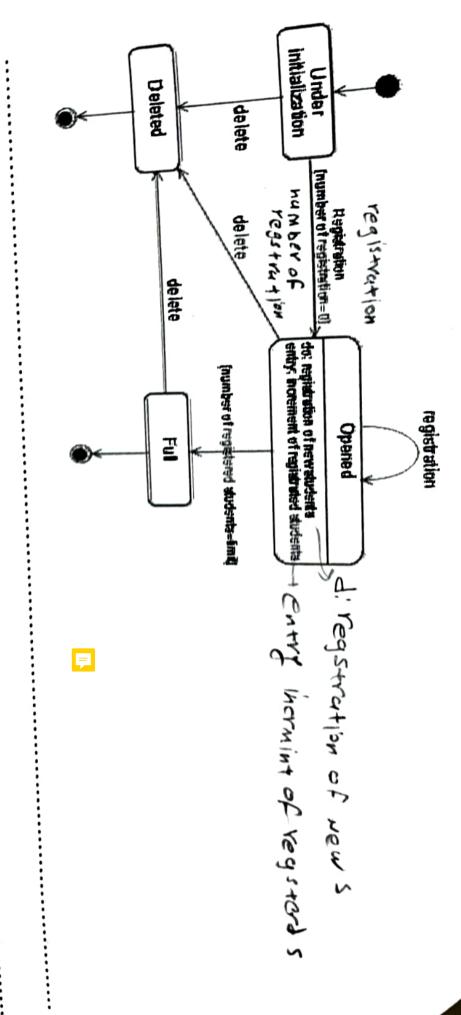
"Booking a ticket sequence involves interaction between four objects, i.e., passenger, bookATrip payment and notification.

- 1- passenger sends request a booking message to the bookATrip object
- 2- book a trip object then sends make payment message to the payment object
- 3- There is a self-message to change state of the bookATrip object and there is a return message for the payment object to the bookATrip object to ensure the amount is paid.
- 4- After the payment is done, sendNotifaction message send to the notification object
- 5- Then, a self-message called ticket created is created during the lifetime of the bookATri notification object." Puyment



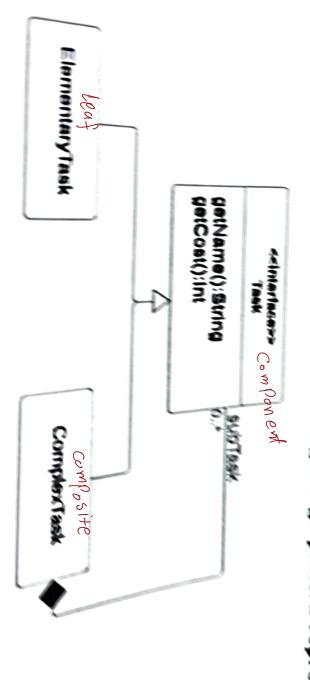
(Section 2)

Q2A: Describe the diagram below in terms of its type, representation and its working.



and a cost. A task is either an elementary task or a complex task when it is composed of Q2B: Following figure shows an architecture for tasks. A task is characterized by a same

b- What do the three boxes in the following design pattern represent? What is the design pattern used in the following diagram? Composite Puffern (a) Michiel Carlo of the second and



City State of the